

Solve the following problems. This assignment will not be collected.

1. From the book:

Section 7.3 problems 8, 9, 12, 14

Section 6.8 problems 5 a, b

2. Show that every matrix $A \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{R})$ can be written as the sum of a symmetric matrix and a skew-symmetric matrix (i.e. $M^t = -M$) in a unique way.
3. Let $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ be a bilinear form on finite-dimensional vector space over $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{R}$. Show there is a symmetric bilinear form (\cdot, \cdot) and a skew-symmetric bilinear form $[\cdot, \cdot]$ so that $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle = (\cdot, \cdot) + [\cdot, \cdot]$.
4. Given a finite-dimensional vector space V over a field \mathbb{F} and its dual $V^* = \text{Hom}(V, \mathbb{F})$, consider the function

$$ev: V^* \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{F}$$

given by $(f, v) \mapsto f(v)$. Show that ev is a bilinear map and thus induces a linear map

$$\bar{ev}: V^* \otimes V \rightarrow \mathbb{F}.$$

Furthermore, suppose $\beta = \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$ is a basis for V and $\beta^* = \{w_1, \dots, w_n\}$ its dual basis. Find the values of $\bar{ev}(w_i \otimes v_j)$ for all $1 \leq i, j \leq n$.